





# Praktinės užduotys



# Praktinė užduotis 1

## *Scenarijus:*

Aštuonerių metų mergaitei ką tik įkando į ranką jų šeimos šuo.  
Ar profilaktinis antibiotikų skyrimas padės išvengti infekcijos?  
Išskaidykite klausimą naudodami PICO metodą

<b>P</b> roblem (problema, pacientas)	<b>I</b> ntervention (gydymas, ligos priežastis)	<b>C</b> omparision (palyginimas)	<b>O</b> utcome (rezultatai, efektas)
			

# Atsakymas

P = child with dog bite

I = prophylactic antibiotics





O = infection prevention

# Praktinė užduotis 2

## *Scenarijus:*

Are mass media (or school-based or community-based) interventions effective in preventing smoking in young people?

Išskaidykite klausimą naudodami PICO metodą.

<b>P</b> roblem (problema, pacientas)	<b>I</b> ntervention (gydymas, ligos priežastis)	<b>C</b> omparision (palyginimas)	<b>O</b> utcome (rezultatai, efektas)
			

# Atsakymas

P = Young people

I = television OR radio OR newspapers OR bill  
board OR posters OR leaflets OR booklets





O = objective measures of smoking OR self-reported  
smoking behavior OR Intermedia measures

# Praktinė užduotis 3

## *Scenarijus:*

In a 4 year old boy requiring antibiotics, do probiotics decrease the risk of development antibiotic associated diarrhea?

Išskaidykite klausimą naudodami PICO metodą.

<b>P</b> roblem (problema, pacientas)	<b>I</b> ntervention (gydymas, ligos priežastis)	<b>C</b> omparision (palyginimas)	<b>O</b> utcome (rezultatai, efektas)
			

# Atsakymas

P = antibiotics OR antimicrobial agents

I = probiotic, probiotics OR lactobacillus OR acidophilus





O = diarrhea

# Praktinė užduotis 4

## *Scenarijus:*

Will ginger help to reduce nausea and vomiting in early pregnancy?

Išskaidykite klausimą naudodami PICO metodą.

<b>P</b> roblem (problema, pacientas)	<b>I</b> ntervention (gydymas, ligos priežastis)	<b>C</b> omparision (palyginimas)	<b>O</b> utcome (rezultatai, efektas)
			



# Atsakymas

P = early pregnancy





I = ginger

O = nausea and vomiting

# Praktinė užduotis 5

## *Scenarijus:*

In women over 40 with dilated cardiomyopathy, does treatment with warfarin lead to reduce morbidity and mortality due to thromboembolism?  
Išskaidykite klausimą naudodami PICO metodą.

<b>P</b> roblem (problema, pacientas)	<b>I</b> ntervention (gydymas, ligos priežastis)	<b>C</b> omparision (palyginimas)	<b>O</b> utcome (rezultatai, efektas)
			

# Atsakymas

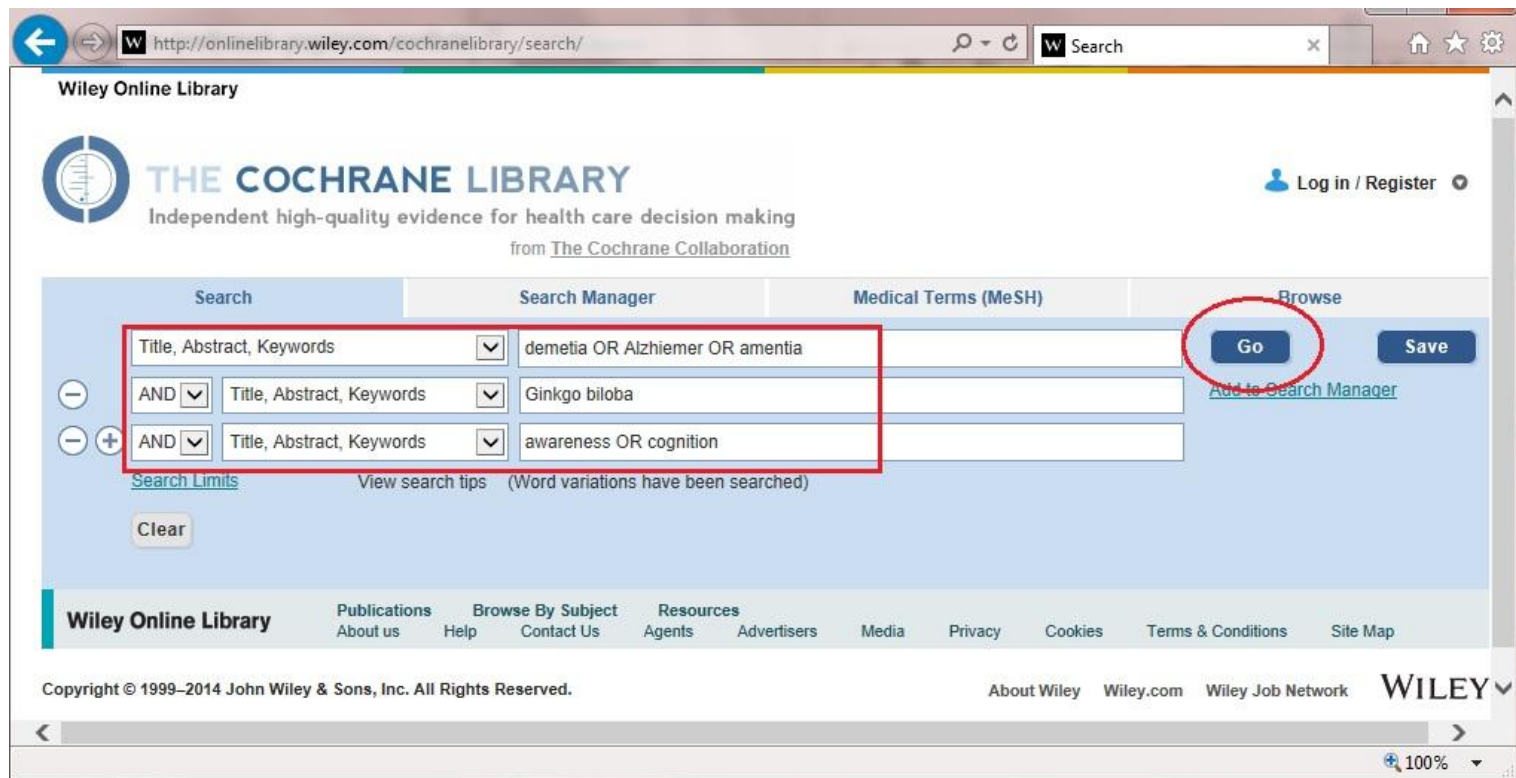
- P = dilated cardiomyopathy
- I = Warfarin
- O = thromboembolism

# Praktinė užduotis

- ◆ Ar ginkmedžio lapų ekstraktas yra efektyvus demencijos gydymui?
  - ◆ Suraskite mokliškai pagrįstą įrodymą Kochrano bibliotekoje.

# Atsakymas

- ◆ Paiešką atliksime Kochrano bibliotekoje, (<<http://www.thecochranelibrary.com>>), Advance search.



The screenshot displays the Wiley Online Library search page. The browser address bar shows the URL <http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/cochranelibrary/search/>. The page header includes the Wiley Online Library logo and the text "THE COCHRANE LIBRARY Independent high-quality evidence for health care decision making from The Cochrane Collaboration". A "Log in / Register" link is visible in the top right corner.

The search interface is divided into four tabs: "Search", "Search Manager", "Medical Terms (MeSH)", and "Browse". The "Search" tab is active, showing a search form with three rows of criteria:

Operator	Field	Value
	Title, Abstract, Keywords	dementia OR Alzheimer OR amnesia
AND	Title, Abstract, Keywords	Ginkgo biloba
AND	Title, Abstract, Keywords	awareness OR cognition

The "Go" button is circled in red. Below the search form, there are links for "Search Limits", "View search tips", and a note "(Word variations have been searched)". A "Clear" button is also present. The footer contains the Wiley Online Library logo, navigation links (Publications, Browse By Subject, Resources, Media, Privacy, Cookies, Terms & Conditions, Site Map), and copyright information: "Copyright © 1999–2014 John Wiley & Sons, Inc. All Rights Reserved." The WILEY logo is in the bottom right corner.



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Intervention Review

## Ginkgo biloba for cognitive impairment and dementia

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Database Title

The Cochrane Library

Editorial Group: [Cochrane Dementia and Cognitive Improvement Group](#)

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## Abstract Jump to...

### Background

Products of the maidenhair tree, Ginkgo biloba, have long been used in China as a traditional medicine for various disorders of health. A standardized extract is widely used in the West for the treatment of a range of conditions including memory and concentration problems, confusion, depression, anxiety, dizziness, tinnitus and headache. The mechanisms of action are thought to reflect the action of several components of the extract and include increasing blood supply by dilating blood vessels, reducing blood viscosity, modification of neurotransmitter systems, and reducing the density of oxygen free radicals.

### Objectives

To assess the efficacy and safety of Ginkgo biloba for dementia or cognitive decline.

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